CITY OF VAUGHAN

EXTRACT FROM COUNCIL MEETING MINUTES OF JANUARY 30, 2018

Item 4, Report No. 1, of the Finance, Administration and Audit Committee, which was adopted without amendment by the Council of the City of Vaughan on January 30, 2018.

4 INTERIM PROPERTY TAX LEVY FOR 2018 – ALL WARDS

The Finance, Administration and Audit Committee recommends approval of the recommendation contained in the following report of the Chief Financial Officer and City Treasurer, dated January 22, 2018:

Purpose

To inform Council on the issuance of the interim property tax bills for 2018 to all property classes, under the authority of section 317 of the *Municipal Act, 2001*, as amended

Recommendations

1. THAT a by-law be prepared to levy interim property taxes for 2018, with three instalments due in March, April and May for all property classes.

Report Highlights

- The issuance of an interim property tax levy provides the necessary cash flow to meet the City's own needs and its financial obligations to the Region of York and the Province of Ontario for education purposes
- The interim levy will produce total property tax revenue of approximately \$405 million based on taxable assessment of approximately \$85 billion
- These interim funds are raised for the City, the Region of York and all school boards for operational purposes.

Background

The issuance of an interim property tax levy provides funds for the City to meet day-today operating and capital financial obligations.

As noted above, the Interim levy can be paid in three equal instalments due March, April and May. Further, taxpayers have the option to enroll in the Pre-Authorized installment due date payment plan for interim and final billing or the eleven-month instalment plan. The withdrawals for the due date payment plan will be made on the Interim billings' instalment due date and the withdrawals for the 11-month plan will be made on the first banking day of each month from January to November.

Previous Reports/Authority

Not applicable

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EXTRACT FROM COUNCIL MEETING MINUTES OF JANUARY 30, 2018

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Analysis and Options

The Interim billing will be calculated utilizing the 2018 phase-in assessment roll as provided by the Municipal Property Assessment Corporation (MPAC).

In accordance with current Provincial legislation, the interim amount levied by property is subject to the following rules:

- 1. The amount levied on a property shall not exceed 50% of the total taxes levied on the property for the previous year, subject to an adjustment, as per Section 317(9), should it appear the levy would be too high or too low in relation to an estimate of the total taxes that will be levied for 2018.
- 2. A calculated notional tax rate applied to the 2018 assessment will be used to calculate the levy.
- 3. For the purpose of calculating the total amount of taxes for the previous year, any amount levied for only part of the year will be annualized.
- 4. For new property assessments added to the roll for the 2018 taxation year, the levy will be calculated by applying the notional tax rate to the 2018 assessment.
- 5. The interim levy for properties in the commercial, industrial and multi-residential classes (capped classes) will include an amount equal to 50% of the 2017 capping adjustment, if applicable.

The 2018 final tax billing will also be calculated utilizing the assessment values as provided by the Municipal Property Assessment Corporation (MPAC). The final billing will be issued in June and will be due in July, August, September (Residential); August, September, October (non-residential).

Financial Impact

The issuance of an interim property tax levy provides the necessary cash flow to meet the City's own needs and its financial obligations to the Region of York and the Province of Ontario for education purposes. The interim levy will produce total property tax revenue of approximately \$405 million based on taxable assessment of approximately \$85 billion.

Broader Regional Impacts/Considerations

The City of Vaughan will be collecting an amount of approximately \$162 million in interim property taxes on behalf of the Region of York.

CITY OF VAUGHAN

EXTRACT FROM COUNCIL MEETING MINUTES OF JANUARY 30, 2018

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Conclusion

The interim levy will produce total property tax revenue of approximately \$405 million based on taxable assessment of approximately \$85 billion. These interim funds are raised for the City's, Region of York's and School Boards' operational purposes.

For more information, please contact: Maureen Zabiuk, Manager, Property Tax & Assessment; Dean Ferraro, Director of Financial Services/Deputy Treasurer

Attachments

Not applicable

Prepared by

Maureen Zabiuk, A.I.M.A., CMRP Manager, Property Tax & Assessment, Ext. 8268

Item:



Finance, Administration and Audit Committee Report

DATE: Monday, January 22, 2018 WARD(S): ALL

TITLE: INTERIM PROPERTY TAX LEVY FOR 2018 – ALL WARDS

FROM:

Laura Mirabella, Chief Financial Officer and City Treasurer

ACTION: DECISION

<u>Purpose</u>

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Recommendations

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- 2. A calculated notional tax rate applied to the 2018 assessment will be used to calculate the levy.
- 3. For the purpose of calculating the total amount of taxes for the previous year, any amount levied for only part of the year will be annualized.
- 4. For new property assessments added to the roll for the 2018 taxation year, the levy will be calculated by applying the notional tax rate to the 2018 assessment.
- 5. The interim levy for properties in the commercial, industrial and multi-residential classes (capped classes) will include an amount equal to 50% of the 2017 capping adjustment, if applicable.

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Financial Impact

The issuance of an interim property tax levy provides the necessary cash flow to meet the City's own needs and its financial obligations to the Region of York and the Province of Ontario for education purposes. The interim levy will produce total property tax revenue of approximately \$405 million based on taxable assessment of approximately \$85 billion.

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Conclusion

The interim levy will produce total property tax revenue of approximately \$405 million based on taxable assessment of approximately \$85 billion. These interim funds are raised for the City's, Region of York's and School Boards' operational purposes.

For more information, please contact: Maureen Zabiuk, Manager, Property Tax & Assessment; Dean Ferraro, Director of Financial Services/Deputy Treasurer

Attachments

Not applicable

Prepared by

Maureen Zabiuk, A.I.M.A., CMRP Manager, Property Tax & Assessment, Ext. 8268

THE CITY OF VAUGHAN

BY-LAW

BY-LAW NUMBER 003-2018

A By-law to provide for the issuance of the 2018 interim property tax billing.

WHEREAS the Council of the Corporation of the City of Vaughan has not adopted the estimates for the year and wishes to provide for an interim levy for property taxes for the year 2018;

AND WHEREAS pursuant to Section 317 of the *Municipal Act, 2001*, S.O. 2001, c.25, as amended (the "Act"), Councils of local municipalities may pass a by-law, levying amounts on the assessment of property in the local municipality rateable for local municipality purposes;

AND WHEREAS pursuant to Subsection 342(1) of the Act, the Council of a local municipality may pass by-laws to permit the payment of taxes by instalments and the dates on which instalments or any alternative instalments are due;

NOW THEREFORE the Council of The Corporation of the City of Vaughan ENACTS AS FOLLOWS:

- The Chief Financial Officer and City Treasurer of the City of Vaughan shall send to each person for every property within the municipality to be taxed a printed notice specifying the amount of taxes payable in accordance with the provisions of Section 317 of the Act.
- 2. a) Taxes on Residential, Farm, Managed Forest and Pipeline properties shall be set by levying an amount that does not exceed 50% of the total annualized tax levy for the class, for municipal and school purposes for the previous year. If the taxes levied on a property are too high or too low in relation to the estimate of total taxes that will be levied for 2018, the interim levy will be adjusted in accordance with Section 317(9) of the Act to reflect an amount that is approximately 50% of the estimated 2018 levy. The taxes will be calculated by applying the applicable notional tax rate set out in the Chart under subsection 2(d) of this by-law to the 2018 phased-in assessment.

- 2. b) Taxes on Multi-Residential, Commercial and Industrial properties shall be set by levying an amount that does not exceed 50% of the total annualized tax levy for the class, for municipal and school purposes for the previous year, after adjustment for the capping program, if applicable. If the taxes levied on a property are too high or too low in relation to the estimate of total taxes that will be levied for 2018, the interim levy will be adjusted in accordance with Section 317(9) of the Act to reflect an amount that is approximately 50% of the estimated 2018 levy. The taxes will be calculated by applying the applicable notional tax rate set out in the Chart under subsection 2(d) of this by-law to the 2018 phased-in assessment.
- c) For new property assessments added to the assessment roll for the 2018 taxation year, the taxes will be calculated by applying the applicable notional tax rate set out in the Chart under subsection 2(d) of this by-law to the 2018 phased-in assessment.
- 2. d) The notional tax rates are as follows:

NOTIONAL TAX RATE	
0.00349410	
0.00087353	
0.00349410	
0.00795780	
0.00557045	
0.00970201	
0.00630631	
0.00772504	
	0.00349410 0.00087353 0.00349410 0.00795780 0.00557045 0.00970201

3. Property taxes levied by this by-law shall be divided into three relatively equal amounts. The first

amount shall be known as the first instalment and shall be due and payable on or before the date

indicated on the tax bill. The second amount shall be known as the second instalment and shall

be due and payable on or before the date indicated on the tax bill. The third amount shall be known

as the third instalment and shall be due and payable on or before the date indicated on the tax bill.

4. Property taxes may be payable through the Pre-Authorized Payment Plan ("PAP"). A taxpayer

meeting the requirements of the PAP may be enrolled in the PAP with two choices, the instalment

due date payment plan for interim and final billing or the eleven month instalment plan. Thereafter

the City shall be authorized to withdraw property taxes from the bank account of the said taxpayer

on the instalment due date of each interim and final billing or the City shall be authorized to withdraw

property taxes from the bank account of the said taxpayer on the first banking day of each month

from January to November inclusive, in the amount set out in the notice forwarded to the taxpayer

by the Chief Financial Officer and City Treasurer.

5. Property taxes not paid on the instalments dates or due dates set out in sections 3 and 4 of this by-

law are subject to late payment charges, as provided in the City of Vaughan's Late Payment

Charges By-law Number 328-2004, as amended, or any successor thereto.

Enacted by City of Vaughan Council this 30th day of January, 2018.

Hon. Maurizio Bevilacqua, Mayor

Barbara A. McEwan, City Clerk