

# Block 41 Secondary Plan / Visioning Summit April 22, 2014







# WELCOME

#### **Visioning Summit Agenda**

7:00 - 7:30 Presentation

7:30 – 8:00 Table Activity #1 Visioning

8:00 – 8:30 Table Activity #2 Principles



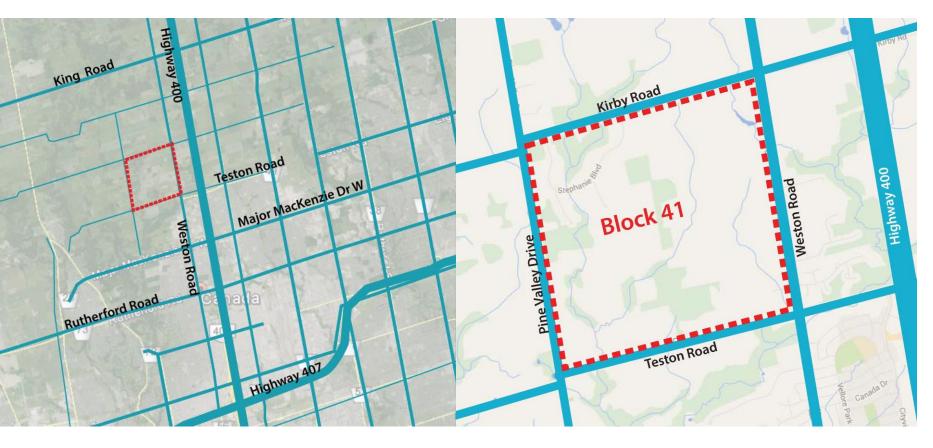
## WELCOME

#### **Presentation Overview**

- 1. Study Overview
- 2. Planning Policy Framework
- 3. Existing & Planned Conditions
- 4. Community Design
- 5. Principles
- 6. Next Steps
- 7. Stay Connected
- 8. Workshop Activities



#### **Location of Block 41**





#### **Purpose**

- The purpose of this study is to develop a Secondary Plan that will guide future development in Block 41 in accordance with Provincial, Regional and local requirements.
- Key considerations and components of the Secondary Plan will include:
  - housing, employment, and retail/service amenities;
  - built form and urban design;
  - community services and facilities, parks and open space;
  - transportation facilities and servicing;
  - the natural heritage framework; and,
  - community energy planning.
- When completed, the Secondary Plan for Block 41 will become part of the City of Vaughan's Official Plan.

#### The Project Team

#### The Planning Partnership

Lead Consultant

Land Use Planning

Urban Design

Sustainable Development

Consultation & Communication

#### **PLAN B Natural Heritage**

Sub-consultant
Natural Heritage System
Planning

#### Halsall Associates

Sub-consultant
Community Energy Planning

#### Archaelogical Services Inc.

Sub-consultant
Archaeology & Heritage
Resource Planning

#### Tate Economic Research

Sub-consultant
Commercial Needs
Assessment & Fiscal Impact
Assessment

# Dionne Bacchus & Associates

Sub-consultant
Civil Engineering & Transportation

#### Jade Acoustics

Sub-consultant
Acoustics Engineering



### **Study Process**

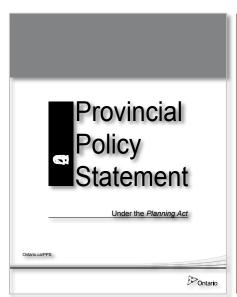
|         |  | We are here         |
|---------|--|---------------------|
| PHASE 1 | Project Initiation                                     | Jan - Feb 2015      |
| PHASE 2 | Background Analysis and Visioning                      | Jan - Jun 2015      |
| PHASE 3 | Foundation Studies                                     | Apr - Sept 2015     |
| PHASE 4 | Emerging Land Use Concept Report + Supporting Analysis | July - Nov 2015     |
| PHASE 5 | Draft Secondary Plan                                   | Dec 2015 - Nov 2016 |

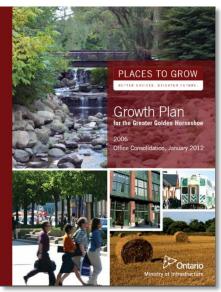


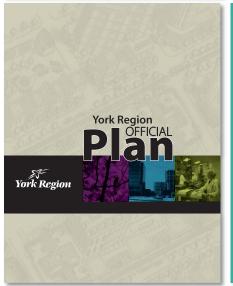
#### PLANNING POLICY FRAMEWORK

#### **An Integrated Framework**

- The Province, Region and City have adopted an integrated policy framework for managing growth and development.
- This policy framework requires responsible growth management, with a focus on creating complete communities that are socially, fiscally, economically and environmentally stable over the long-term.







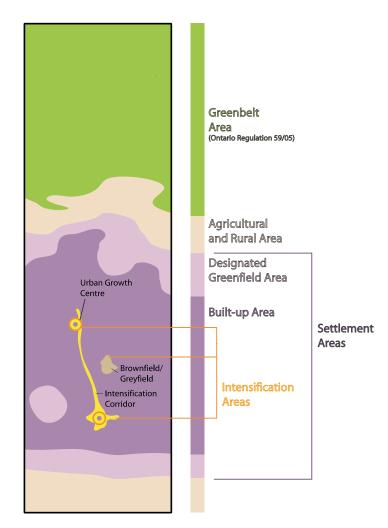




#### PLANNING POLICY FRAMEWORK

#### **Provincial Land Use Designations for Block 41**

- Under Places to Grow (P2G), Block 41 is a Designated Greenfield Area, meaning it is primarily undeveloped land within the settlement boundary, where future growth is planned.
- Block 41 also includes lands within the Greenbelt Area where most types of development are prohibited.
- These designations are recognized in the York Region Official Plan (YROP) and the Vaughan Official Plan (VOP).



Places to Grow, Appendix 2: Illustration
Diagram: Growth Plan Land-Use Terminology



#### PLANNING POLICY FRAMEWORK

#### **Minimum Density Requirements**

- To promote efficient development patterns, P2G requires new development in Designated Greenfield Areas to achieve a minimum density of 50 residents and jobs combined per hectare.
- The YROP establishes a higher minimum density for Greenfields than P2G.
- Under the YROP, Block 41 is required to achieve a minimum density of 70 residents and jobs per hectare.



Hypothetical Streetscape Depicting P2G's Density Targets for Designated Greenfield Areas

Copyright Queen's Printer for Ontario. Image source: Ontario Growth Secretariat, Ministry of Infrastructure



#### **Land Use - Existing**

- Block 41 currently includes agricultural land, estate residential development, remnant natural areas and core natural areas.
- The existing rural residential estates are concentrated in the northwest quadrant, at the intersection of Kirby Road and Pine Valley Drive.
- The Block also includes a restricted industrial area internal to the northeast quadrant where a compressor station for the TransCanada Canadian mainline is located.



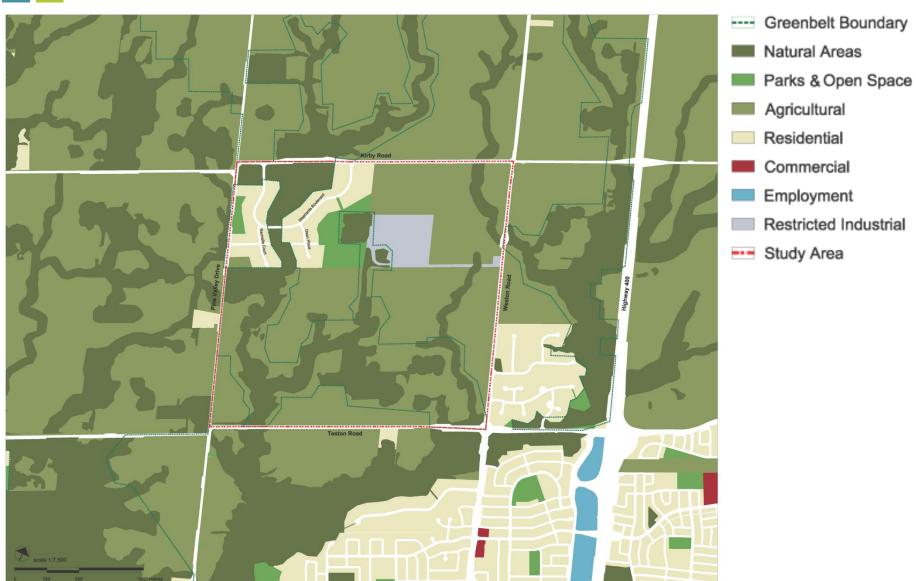
Existing agricultural lands



Existing estate residential neighbourhood



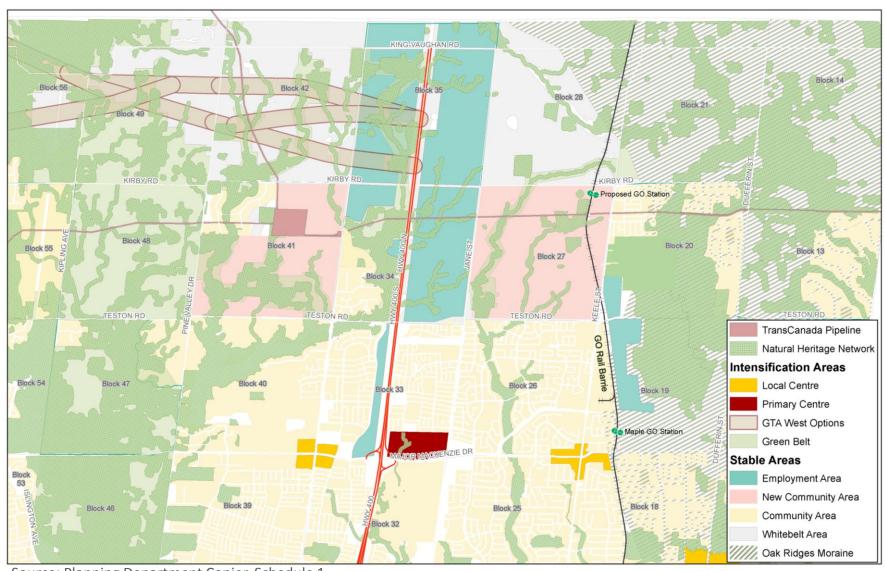
Land Use - Existing





#### 41

#### **Broader Land Use Context**



Source: Planning Department Copier, Schedule 1



#### **Land Use - Planned**

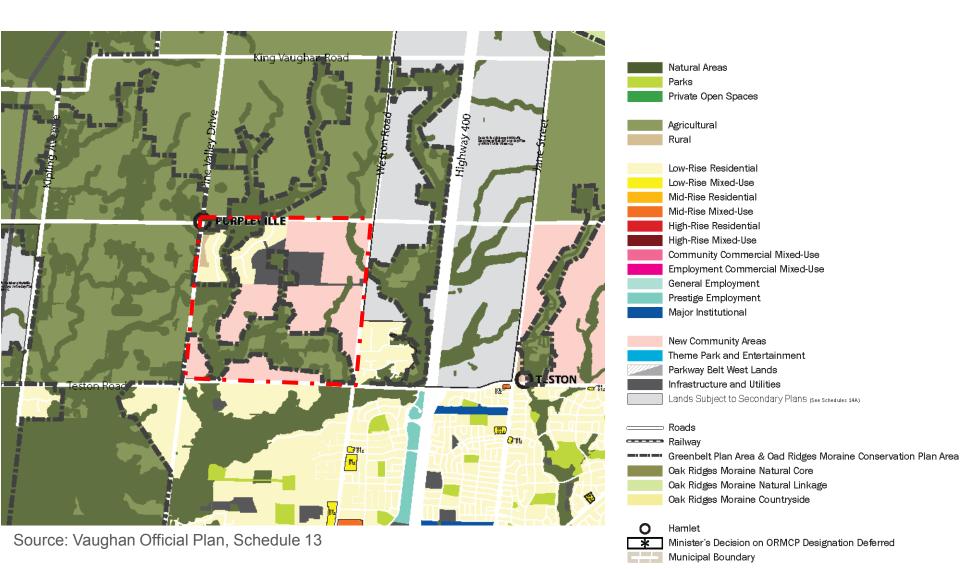
 The existing urban structure and land use designations under the Vaughan Official Plan (VOP) will be amended through the Secondary Plan process.

Table 1. Existing Designations for Block 41 under the Vaughan Official Plan

| URBAN STRUCTURE             | LAND USE  | APPLIES TO:  |
|-----------------------------|---|--|
| Community Area              | Low-rise residential  | Existing estate residential                                |
|                             | Infrastructure and Utilities  | Existing TransCanada compressor station                    |
| Natural Areas + Countryside | Natural Areas   | Remnant and core natural areas, including coldwater stream |
| <b>,</b>                    | Agricultural  |  |
| New Community Areas         | New Community Areas (land use designations to be determined through the Secondary Plan study) | Primarily existing agricultural lands                      |



#### **Land Use - Planned**





#### **Land Use - Planned**

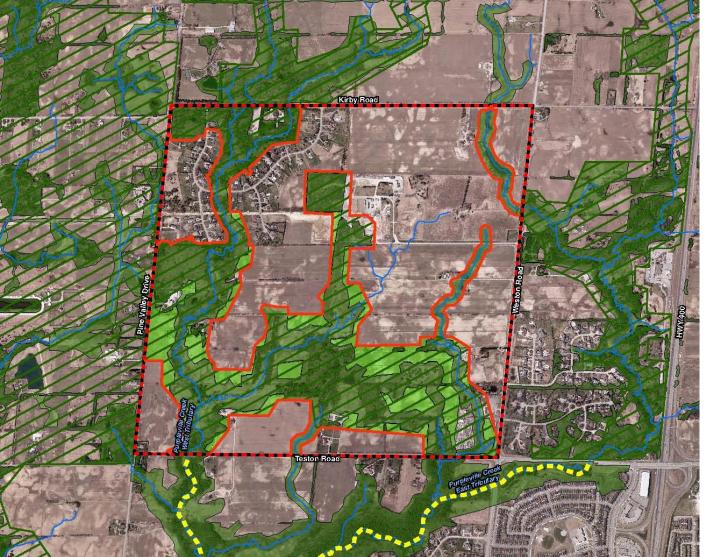
- As part of the Secondary Plan study, the new designations and supporting policy framework will be developed in accordance with Policy 9.2.2.14 of the VOP for New Community Areas.
- This policy reflects local, regional and provincial directives for ensuring new communities are:
  - Complete
  - Compact
  - Cost effective
  - Sustainable

#### **Natural Heritage**

- The natural heritage system for Block 41 is comprised of key natural heritage and key hydrologic features, including:
  - Significant woodlands;
  - Significant wetlands;
  - Significant wildlife habitat;
  - Fish habitat;
  - Purpleville Creek system; and,
  - Habitat of endangered and threatened species.
- The natural heritage system also includes unevaluated wetlands, disturbed/degraded woodlands, and ephemeral watercourses that would benefit from restoration and enhancement.
- The Greenbelt Plan policies require a minimum 30 m buffer within the Greenbelt boundaries, or the appropriate buffer as determined through a Subwatershed Study based on the actual character and function of the natural heritage features.



#### **Natural Heritage**



# Block 41 Watercourse (CA) Greenbelt Plan River Valley Connections (2010) Natural Heritage System Greenbelt Plan NHS (City) Core Environmental Feature (City of Vaughan 2010, 2014)

Enhancements to Core Environmental Feature and Corridors





#### **Natural Heritage**

- More fieldwork will be undertaken this spring and summer to refine the natural heritage system boundary, particularly for unevaluated wetlands and headwater drainage features.
- The natural heritage system will provide a framework for the Block 41 Secondary Plan which will integrate the natural and open space systems with the other elements of the plan.
- The natural heritage system boundary and buffers may be further refined during subsequent phases in the planning process when more detailed information becomes available.





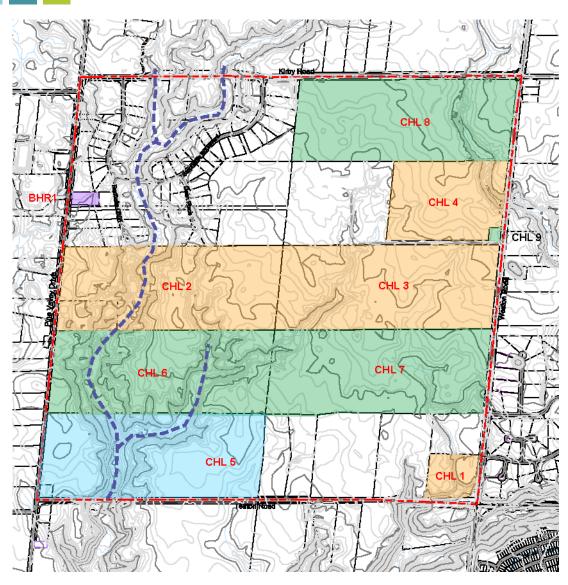
#### **Cultural Heritage + Archaeological Resources**

- Based on a literature review and preliminary field review, 11 cultural heritage resources have been identified within Block 41, including:
  - one built heritage resource (BHR); and,
  - ten cultural heritage landscapes (CHL).
- All ten cultural heritage landscapes require further research
  - potential evaluation following Regulation 9/06 of the Ontario Heritage Act and/or
  - the development of appropriate mitigation measures and recommendations.
- Further work will be undertaken to identify archaeological resources within the study area this spring.



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#### **Cultural Heritage**



#### Legend

Identified: CHL Study

Identified: Field Review

Inventory: of Interest

Register

Identified: CHRS (approx. location)

- · - Study Area



#### **Transportation – Streets + Transit**

- Block 41 is currently bordered and served by a network of arterial roads.
- A number of street network improvements are planned in and around Block 41 (all are subject to Environmental Assessments):
  - Elimination of 'jogged' intersections of Pine Valley
     Drive at Kirby Road and at Teston Road
  - Widening Teston Road from 2 to 4 lanes (Pine Valley Drive to Weston)
  - 3. GTA West Corridor to the north of Block 41
  - 4. Construction of 'missing link' on Teston between Keele and Dufferin
- No major transit services are planned within Block 41.



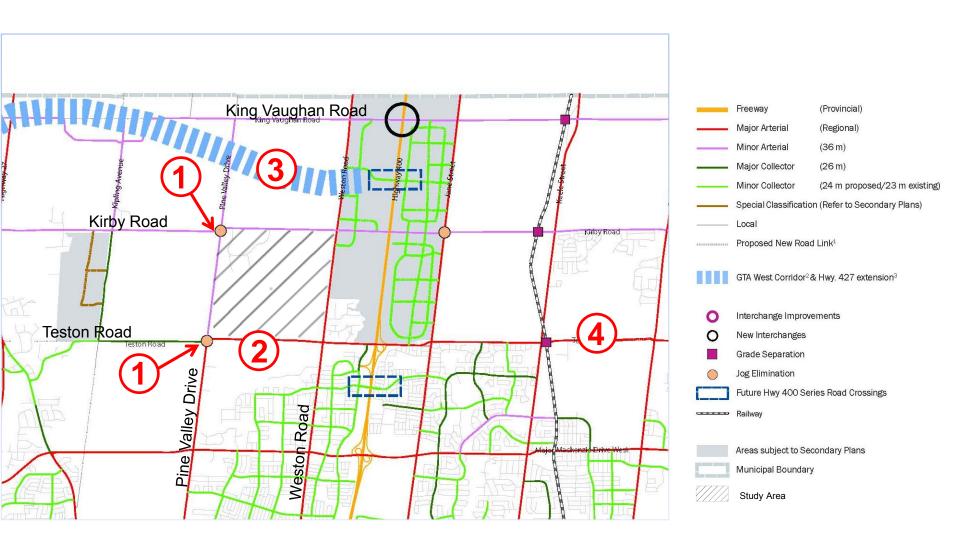
Arterial road (Kirby Road east of Pine Valley Drive)



Local road (Stephanie Boulevard) in existing estate residential neighbourhood



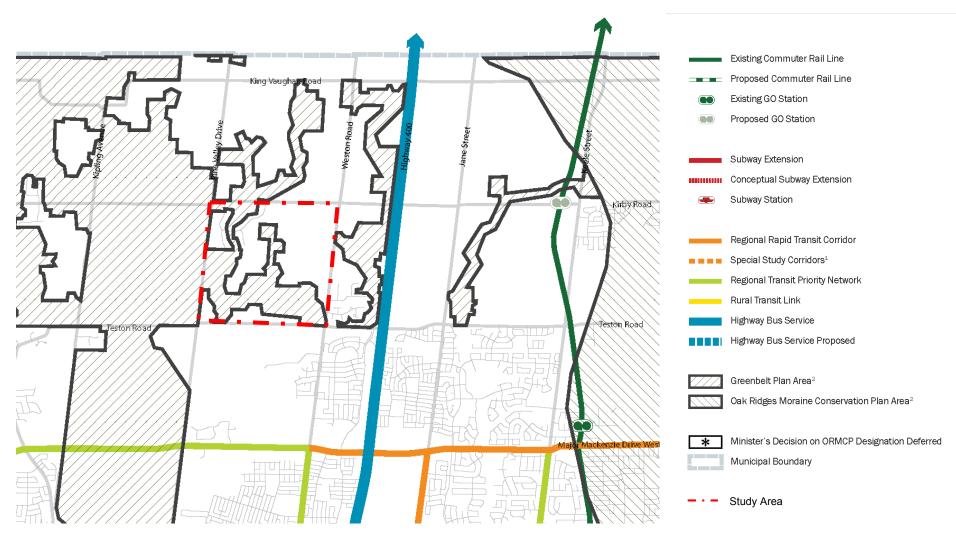
#### **Transportation – Future Transportation Network**



Source: Vaughan Official Plan, Schedule 9



#### **Transportation – Major Transit Network**



Source: Vaughan Official Plan, Schedule 10



#### **Transportation – Walking + Cycling**

- Bicycle facilities are planned along Block 41's bounding arterial roads, including:
  - Bike lanes on Weston Road, Kirby Road and Pine Valley Drive; and,
  - A paved shoulder and Multi-use Boulevard Pathway on Teston Road.
- The proposed "Pipeline Trail", a Multi-Use Recreational Pathway, is also planned to cross the interior of the study area.



Example of multi-use trail



Example of Multi-Use Boulevard Pathway



#### **Transportation – Pedestrian + Cycling Network**



Source: City of Vaughan, Pedestrian and Bicycle Master Plan Study (2007). Map 4 Pedestrian & Bicycle Network Facility Types





#### **Servicing – Water Supply + Distribution**

- Block 41 is predominantly located in Pressure District 7 (PD7).
- Existing estate residential in the north-west quadrant of the study area are on wells.
- Relevant infrastructure upgrades that are planned and required before development can proceed include:
  - New regional watermain (along Jane Street, from Teston Road to King Road)
  - New regional reservoir (near Jane Street and King Road)
  - New trunk watermain along Weston Road for local distribution



# 41

#### **EXISTING + PLANNED CONDITIONS**

#### Servicing – Trunk + Local Sanitary Sewers

- Block 41 is a tributary to the Maple Service Area of the York-Durham Sewage System.
- Existing estate residential in the north-west quadrant of the study area are on septic systems.
- Relevant infrastructure upgrades that are planned and required before full development can occur:
  - New Northeast Vaughan Collector sewer (along Jane Street corridor construction tentatively planned to start in 2017)
  - Teston Road Sub-Trunk Sanitary Sewer & Pumping Station
  - Weston Road Sub-Trunk Sanitary Sewer
  - Block 41 SPS, Forcemain and Sanitary Sewer
- Interim capacity may permit the development of parts of the Block.



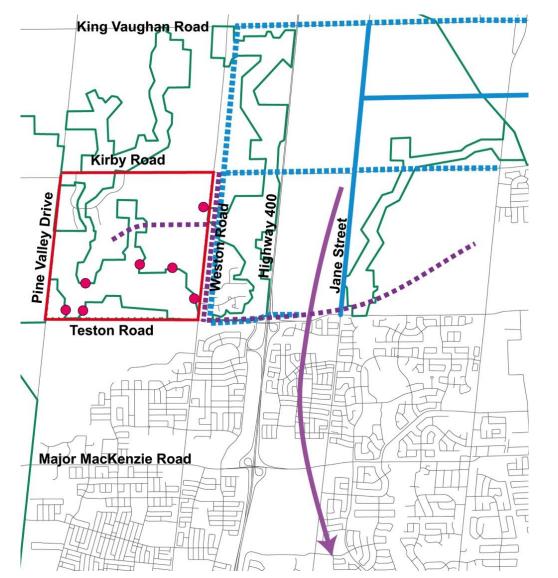
#### **Stormwater Management (SWM)**

- Block 41 is part of the East Humber watershed, and drainage within the Block is generally southerly, draining to Block 40 through a set of culverts along Teston Road.
- Drainage features within Block 41 consist primarily of natural channels and drainage ditches.
- There are currently no SWM ponds in Block 41; six SWM ponds are proposed in the functional SWM plan.
- Although Low Impact Development (LID)
   practices can be used to minimize runoff and
   enhance water quality, soil conditions make it
   unlikely that infiltration LID's will be effective.





# Proposed Servicing Infrastructure + Stormwater Management Ponds



Greenbelt Boundary

Proposed SWM Ponds

Proposed City of Vaughan Sanity Sewer

Proposed Regional Sanitary Sewer

Proposed City of Vaughan Watermain

Proposed Regional Watermain

Study Area Boundary

he Planning Partnership



#### Issues Relating to Existing Communities

- Rising Costs of Energy, Water, Waste
  - Finite Resources
- Aging Population
  - In 20 years, 1 in 4 Canadians will be 65+
- Public health
  - Last 20 years has seen a 2 or 3 times increase in diseases: asthma, diabetes, depression, heart disease
- Climate Change
  - CO<sub>2</sub> levels are the highest in 500,000 years and growing









All of these issues are linked to how we design and build our communities

With the convergence of these issues, we have just one generation to make serious change before things get out of hand.



#### **Health Issues in the Region of York**

#### Physical Activity

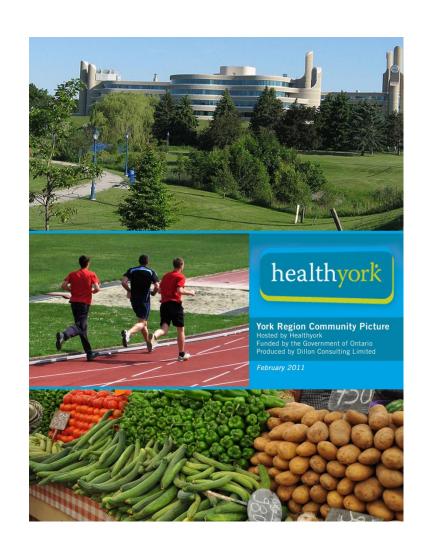
- Overweight or obese 46% of adults (18+) in York Region were overweight or obese (Statistics Canada 2010).
- Among York Region residents in 2009, 5.1% of people aged 12 and over had diabetes while 18.2% had high blood pressure.

Source: Health Profile of York Region Residents: Preliminary Review of Findings for Discussion, 2010

#### Aging population

- The number of York Region residents over the age of 65 will increase from 121,000 to 311,000 in 2031
- By 2031, 21% of York Region residents are expected to be 65 or older. In contrast, the growth of the population aged 0 -14 years is relatively steady

Report No. 9 of the Community and Health Services Committee Regional Council Meeting of November 15, 2012





#### **History of the Suburbs**

#### Market Place Realities

- Housing drives the market of community development:
  - In the 1950's and 60's lots were big, 50' x 120' and the houses were modest
  - 1,500 ft<sup>2</sup> and a single car garage was adequate





#### **History of the Suburbs**

#### Market Place Realities

- Consequences:
  - Vanishing house and degraded streetscape
  - An old model of house building trying to adapt to new economic realities





### **History of the Suburbs**

#### Market Place Realities

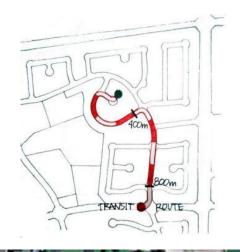
 Evolution of house design and garage placement through design guidelines and architectural control guidelines

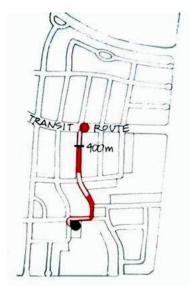






#### **Street Connectivity**











## **Open Space**











# **Street Right-of-Way**





#### Finding the Answers - Sustainable Programs



ENERGY STAR® QUALIFIED HOME

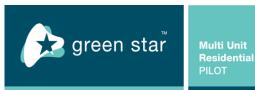


#### **LEED for Neighborhood Development** Developed through a partnership of the Congress for New Urbanism, Natural Resources Defense Council and the U.S. Green Building Council **Rating System**

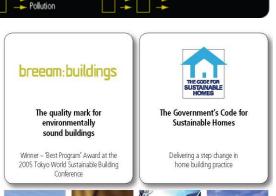












Management

Energy Transport Water

Materials Land use and ecology

Health and wellbeing













VERY GOOD



Energy Star, OBC 2012, LEED-ND, LEED-H, LEED-NC, BREEAM, Green Globes, Green Star, One Planet Living.

The race is on to improve built and natural environments before the damage is out of control...



## **Walkability - Community Form**



Don Mills Station

Excertible

Violativa VIVA violativa

In the state of the state

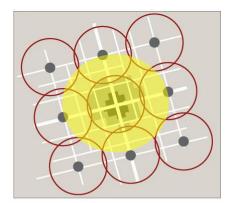
800m walking distance

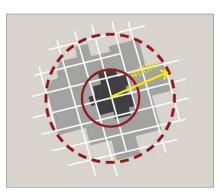
10 minutes

Community core

Higher order transit

Increased variety of services







# **Walkability - Community Form**







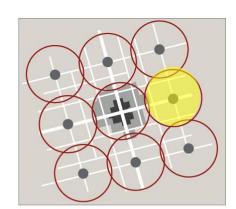
400m walking distance

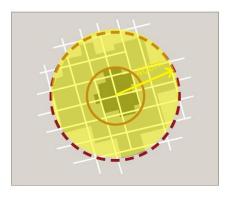
5 minutes



Transit and modest services

Daily activities







# **Walkability - Community Form**





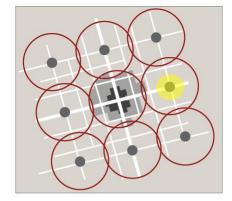
# 200m walking distance

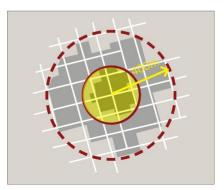
#### 2-3 minutes

Subneighbourhood focal point

Passive recreation

Parkette







# **Walkability - Diversity**







- Mix and diversity of land uses
- Variety of housing types and tenure



## **Natural Environment - Open Space**



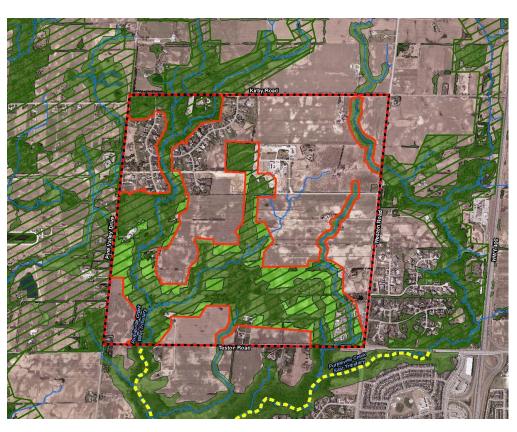




- Parks, pathways and trails
- Connected and accessible open space system
- Incorporate natural environment with open space and trail system



## Natural Heritage - Trails + Walkways, Woodlots + Valleys









# **Natural Heritage**

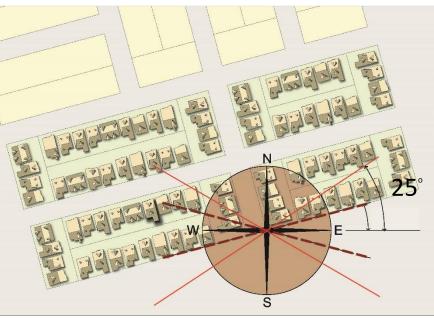
- Open
- Visible
- Accessible
- Linked





## **Green Infrastructure + Building - Energy Conservation**





- Passive solar orientation:
- Street and block alignment designed within 25 degrees of geographic east-west



#### **Green Infrastructure + Building - Water + Waste Reduction**







- Innovative stormwater water management design
- Bioswales, green roofs, porous or permeable pavement



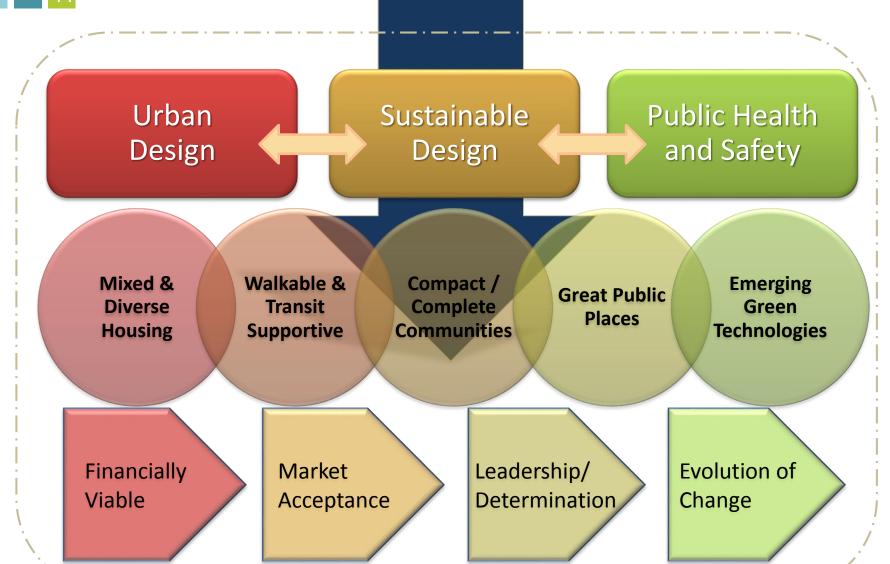
## Case Study - Angus Glen, Markham

- Modest mixed use
- Edge location
- Transit access
- Provides local services within 5-10 minute walk









# **PRINCIPLES**

# 10 Principles that will guide the Block 41 Secondary Plan exercise:

- Create a complete, compact and vibrant community
- Promote efficient development patterns and standards
- Conserve and protect natural and built heritage 3.
- Set a high standard of sustainability: waste reduction and energy and water efficiency
- Provide a linked greenspace system that includes parks, open spaces, trails and natural areas

## **PRINCIPLES**

- 6. Provide a range of housing types, e.g. singles, semis, townhouses, multi-unit dwellings and opportunities for affordable housing
- 7. Include accessible human services and community facilities, e.g. libraries
- 8. Provide a local centre that serves the community
- 9. Ensure mobility choices and the sharing of streets for motorists, pedestrians, cyclists and transit riders
- 10. Strive for design excellence: buildings, streets and open spaces

# The Planning Partnership

# **NEXT STEPS**

- Final Background Report May 2015
- Complete supporting technical reports on environment, cultural heritage and archaeology – Spring & Summer 2015
- Emerging Concept Plan & Supporting Studies Summer 2015
- Block 41 Concept Plan Workshop September 2015

# STAY CONNECTED

Thank you for joining us tonight!

- To stay connected:
  - Visit the project website: www.vaughan.ca/newcommunityareas
  - Sign up to be on our email list at: policyplanning@vaughan.ca
  - Watch for our regularly issued newsletters

For more information on the Secondary Plan Study contact: Arminé Hassakourians, Senior Planner at 905-832-8585 ext. 8368 or by email at armine.hassakourians@vaughan.ca



## **WORKSHOP ACTIVITIES**

#### **Vision Statement**

- A vision statement is an overarching sentence or two that describes an optimal condition or aspiration. For example:
  - The City's Vision is "a city of choice that promotes diversity, innovation and opportunity for all citizens, fostering a vibrant community life that is inclusive, progressive, environmentally responsible and sustainable".
- Discuss in your table group. Make a list of a few key words or phrases that should be captured in a vision statement for the new community to be developed in Block 41.



# WORKSHOP ACTIVITIES

## **Principles**

 Review the principles. Discuss at your table group and record additional principles that should be considered.